1	NEED	TO S	TAY H	HOME	IF	
<b>6</b>	(52)	000	<b>60</b>	(00)	(0)	4 and a
FEVER	VOMITING	DIARRHEA	RASH	HEAD LICE	EYE INFECTION	HOSPITAL STAY
Temperature of 99.5 or higher	Within the past 24 hours	Within the past 24 hours	Body rash with itching or fever	Itchy head, active head lice	Redness, itching, and/or "crusty" drainage from eye	Hospital stay and/or ER visit
1	51,75,50,50,150	EADY				
	SCH	OOL	WHEN	IIAN	1	
Fever-free for 24 hours WITHOUT the use of fever reducing medication (i.e. Tylenol, Ibuprofen)	Free from vomiting for 24 hours AND at least 2 solid meals	Free from diarrhea for at least 24 hours	Free from rash itching or fever. I have been evaluated by my doctor if needed.	Treated with appropriate lice treatment at home and proof is provided to nurse.	Evaluated by my doctor and have a note to return to school.	Released by medical provider to return to school.

## When To Keep Your Child Home

If your child has any of the following illnesses or symptoms please keep him/her home from school or make appropriate childcare arrangements.

Your child should stay home from school if he or she has the following:

**Diarrhea**-3 or more watery stools in a 24 hour period. Keep your child home until symptoms are gone. Contact your health care provider if symptoms continue.

**Fever**-temperature of 99.5 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Please keep your child at home for a full 24 hours after the temperature has returned to normal without the use of medication.

**Greenish nose discharge**-should be seen by a healthcare provider. This condition may be contagious and require treatment.

**Impetigo**-a bacterial skin eruption beginning with a small blister and later may contain pus and become scabbed. The secretions from the sores, which are frequently found around the nose and mouth, are very contagious. Contact your healthcare provider.

**Scabies**-must be seen by a medical provider, the child may return to school after being treated with prescription medication.

**Rash**-body rash, especially with a fever please see a medical provider. To return to school the rash must be gone or the student needs a note from the medical provider with a diagnosis.

Vomiting-your child should stay home if he/she has vomited in the past 24 hours.

Sore throat with a fever or swollen glands

Eyes that appear red and irritated, thick mucus or pus draining from the eye. Contact your health provider.

**Coughing or a chronic cough** with fever, loss of appetite, and rapid, noisy, obstructive breathing. Contact your healthcare provider.

Appearance, behavior-unusually tired, pale, lack of appetite, difficulty to wake, confused or irritable.

**Lice**-a student who has had lice may return to school after treatment and without live bugs. Must see the nurse before returning to the classroom.

If your child shows any of the above symptoms while at school, you or your emergency contact will be required to pick him/her up from school.

- Bringing a child to school with any of the above symptoms puts other children and staff at risk of getting sick.
- If all parents keep their children at home when they are sick, we will have stronger, healthier and happier children who are ready to learn.